

# WASHINGTON.



"Our country, always right; but right or wrong, our country."

SATURDAY, JULY 11, 1840.

OFFICE ON E STREET, IN THE SQUARE IMMEDIATELY WEST OF THE NEW POST OFFICE.

JOSEPH ETTER, EDITOR.

All communications for this paper should be addressed to the Editor.

"FORGIVENESS WILL MAKE OUR ELECTIONS A CURSE INSTEAD OF A BLESSING."—*M. H. Van Buren.*

"THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES:—MAY THEY EVER REMEMBER, THAT TO PRESERVE THEIR LIBERTIES, THEY MUST BY THEIR OWN VOTING AND THEIR OWN FIGHTING."—*William H. Harrison.*

"AGAINST THE INSIDIOUS WILES OF FOREIGN INFLUENCE—I CONJURE YOU TO BELIEVE ME, FELLOW CITIZENS—THE JEALOUSY OF A FREE PEOPLE OUGHT TO BE CONSTANTLY AWAKE—SINCE HISTORY AND EXPERIENCE PROVE, THAT FOREIGN INFLUENCE IS ONE OF THE MOST BENEFICIAL FOES OF A REPUBLICAN GOVERNMENT."—*Washington's Farewell Address.*

"I HOPE WE MAY FIND SOME MEANS, IN FUTURE, OF SHIELDING OURSELVES FROM FOREIGN INFLUENCE, POLITICAL, COMMERCIAL, OR IN WHATEVER FORM IT MAY BE ATTEMPTED. I CAN SCARCELY WITHHOLD MYSELF FROM JOINING IN THE WISH OF SILAS DEANE—THAT THERE WERE AN OCEAN OF FIRE BETWEEN THIS AND THE OLD WORLD."—*Jefferson.*

"Whether successful or not, succeeding generations shall know, that we understood our Rights and Liberties, and were neither afraid nor ashamed to assert them; and that we ourselves may have at least this consolation in our chests: that it was not through our neglect that this People were enslaved."—*Instructions of the People of Lexington to their Representatives in the General Court of Massachusetts, 1772.*

## PARTIZANS—KILKENNY CATS.

It is really laughable to see with what "holy abhorrence" either political party looks at the straight forward course which we are endeavoring to pursue, for the abolishment of the Laws of Naturalization. We are entirely used up—levelled with our mother earth. In the first place, there is the Hon. Mr. J. Reynolds, of Illinois, (Democrat,) who comes out with a closely printed pamphlet of eight octavo pages, endeavoring to prove us Whigs and Alien and Seditious. He says we are playing all kinds of pranks to make Harrison President;—that "like causes produce like effects," and if the Alien and Seditious laws were supported by the Whigs of old, the Native American party certainly is composed of the same material—therefore we must be Whigs, endeavoring, under this cloak, to elect Mr. Harrison to the Presidency; and with all the watchfulness of a righteous judge between the two parties, he warns his friends in Illinois and throughout the country, to beware of this hydra-headed beast! We thank you for your pamphlet, Mr. Reynolds, and will endeavor next week, to physic you with the same pill you have administered to us—not to the amount of the same number of pages or words—for that were useless—but we shall prove to the contrary of what you have asserted—that we belong to either party, but that we are composed of members of both. But, in justice to Mr. Reynolds, we must say, that no doubt this "talk" to his constituents will answer the purpose for which it was intended—that is, to infuse a more deadly poison into the minds of his foreign constituents than is already running through their veins, against Native Americans and their institutions—for we have no doubt, if a clause had been inserted in the census law to obtain the number of foreign voters in the country, Mr. Reynolds' district would show a majority of the self-same kind; and this must account for his opposition to us. His composition also, no doubt, will exactly suit their palates. But Mr. Reynolds has nothing to boast of as respects that—for we verily believe any school-boy in the land could produce its equal. But, this "most righteous judge" he has gained his "pound of flesh"—i. e. his re-election—and cares not for the fate of his victim—his own country. Enough at present for Mr. Reynolds.

Next comes the Hon. Mr. J. T. Stewart (Whig,) of the same State, who as strenuously endeavors to show that we are Democrats, and cites numerous instances to prove it; and as effectually as his colleague, uses us up. Mr. Stewart no doubt stands in the same predicament with Mr. Reynolds, as respects the votes of foreigners, and this must account for his opposition—for "like causes produce like effects." But we cannot follow these partizans in their meandering path—it is not our intention. We took up our pen to say, that these gentlemen have placed us precisely in the spot we wish to be—that is, both parties disown us, and wear left solo, to fish on "our own hook." We told them this long since. We have reiterated our assertion, that we belong to neither party, but number in our glorious cause, the virtuous and patriotic of both. We therefore hope, that we shall hear no more about Whigs and Democrats, connected with our Association. We are *Native Americans*, fighting the second battle for Independence, from foreign influence, misrule and corruption; and we can tell the aforesaid parties, that we will continue to fight for it,

notwithstanding their opposition; nor do we doubt our success. We know there is too much virtue and intelligence in the American people not to see the justice of our cause, and we doubt not, that, ere long, such a flame will be kindled, that even Illinois will be enwrapped in its blaze. Fear not, gentlemen, we wish not to encroach on your rights nor privileges. We send our claims and our cause to the bosoms and heads of virtuous and patriotic Native Americans, and we are happy to state that we have not long to knock, before we gain admission into their hearts and affections.

SPEAKER HUNTER "defines his position" as neutral in the coming contest. Neither party suiting him, he says he will decline a canvass for re-election.

Now, Mr. Hunter, we are glad you think neither of the great leaders worthy your support—for it may be you will be induced to look into our just and righteous cause, and there find the "balm of Gilead" which to you will be congenial. We want such men as you but to look at the bearings of the cause which we advocate, and we feel assured you will give it your undivided support. Then, sir, we entreat you, by the love you bear your country, to look at this subject, and if you find it worthy your talents, give them to it with all your might—if you find it not so, take a manly stand against it—this is all we ask. Search, read, and think, and we fear not the conclusion you will come to.

## WHAT NEXT?

We have been charged with inconsistency, because the Native American Association of this city have heretofore held celebrations on the Fourth, and because we opposed party celebrations on that glorious day, just passed.

ANALOGY.—Party celebrations consist in the congregating together of opposing factions of the inhabitants of the United States, misnamed politicians—the one to vilify and blackguard the other, because they hold honest differences of opinion. The Native Americans held celebrations, to which all the sons of the soil were invited, without respect to party or sect, to pay homage to the memory of their departed sires, and glorify the day that made us a separate and distinct people. No Native was excluded, but foreigners were; and we think to call upon Englishmen, Hessians, Irishmen, and Welchmen, to eat, drink, and be glad, because, forsooth, we whipt them all, would be the height of nonsense.

REMARKS.—If people wish to make a "mountain of a mole hill," they should not magnify at the expense of their neighbors and truth. Draw the line, gentlemen, between politics and party. We claim to be politicians, but not partizans. Again, if to celebrate the Fourth of July by the children of the heroes who made that day worthy the acclamations of her freeborn sons, be classed as a party celebration, and the mingling the children of other governments to shout because of their overthrow, be analogous, then, we say, has the words taught us in our boyhood, become as null and void as would the hallowed privileges of this ever blessed day, were it left to the choice of foreigners whether it should be celebrated or not.

All persons abhor the assassin who plunges a dagger in the bosom of an unsuspecting victim.

And a newspaper editor thinks very little of a "brother of the quill" who inserts an article in his paper, containing a direct attack on the principles and objects of his sheet, and not to send him a paper containing such attack.

Will the Editor or proprietor of the "Old Dominion," of Portsmouth, Va., send us a paper containing the paragraph relating to the Pennsylvania murder. We do not receive the sheet;—though promised an exchange some weeks since, we have received but one number of that paper.

THE MUSEUM.—We think we cannot too often call the attention of our readers to this innocent, interesting, and cheap place of amusement. The proprietor is daily making very great additions to it, all well worthy the notice of the curious. Among the African curiosities, lately added to the establishment, (generously placed there by Judge Wilkeson, the General Agent of the American Colonization Society,) is some very rare and scarce articles, many lately brought to this country. But what we consider of greatest value in the concern, is two Egyptian Mummies, (an address to which we insert on the outside of today's paper.) To night is the last night of the curious art of glass-blowing, by Mr. Heidrich. Go and see the whole for twenty-five cents.

N. B. We understand Mr. Heidrich has been induced to stay one week longer.

J. P. Ingle has resigned his office of Secretary of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and Thomas Turner, Esq., appointed in his place. The office of the Company is to be removed to Frederick City, Md., on the 1st of August next.

The Bankrupt bill, which passed the Senate, has been laid upon the table in the House of Representatives.

The last news from England reports that the King of Prussia is not dead.

THE FOURTH.—Three men were killed at Newark, N. J., on the 4th, by the bursting of cannon.

It would fill our paper to give half the accidents that happened on that day. Suffice it to say, that they were many, and in all varieties of ways.

The Bank of Metropolis, of this city, and the Farmers and Mechanic's Bank of Georgetown, are now redeeming their notes in specie.

Fanny Elssler commences her engagement here to night.

There have been three persons drowned, within the last week, in this city—a white woman, a colored woman, and a colored man—all supposed to have been accidental.

Jefferson Smith, tried in Baltimore for the murder of Thomas H. Laughlin, has been acquitted.

We are happy in being able to state that Mr. Wm. Noell, Venetian Blind Maker, on Pennsylvania Avenue, a few doors from Eleventh street, is prepared to execute any quantity and quality of work in his line, and as low as it can be imported. Mr. Noell being a young and persevering man, aside from the fact that he is the only person that manufactures and repairs such articles in the District, deserves the patronage of the public.

## OUR EXPLORING EXPEDITION.

DISCOVERY OF A NEW CONTINENT.—We are happy to be able to state that letters have been received from the Exploring Expedition of as late date as the 13th of March; at which time the two larger vessels of the Squadron had returned to Sydney (South Wales) from its cruise in the Southern Seas. A copy of the Sydney Herald of the 13th of March has reached our hands, from which we copy the following highly interesting account of the results of this cruise:—*Nat. Int.*

From the Sydney (S. W.) Herald, March 12, 1840.

DISCOVERY OF THE ANTARCTIC CONTINENT.—Amongst the arrivals to be found in our shipping-list of this day is that of the United States ship *Vincennes*, under the command of Charles Wilkes, Esq. The *Vincennes* has been absent from this port almost eighty days, most of which time has been spent in southern exploration; and we are happy to have it in our power to announce, on the highest authority, that the *researches of the exploring squadron after a southern continent have been completely successful.* The land was first seen on the morning of the 19th of January in latitude 64 degrees 20 minutes south, longitude 154 degrees 18 minutes east.

The *Peacock*, (which ship arrived in our harbor on the 22d ult., much disabled from her contact with the ice,) we learn, obtained soundings in a high southern latitude, and established beyond doubt the existence of land in that direction. But the *Vincennes*, more fortunate in escaping injury, completed the discovery, and ran down the coast from 154 degrees 18 minutes to 97 degrees 45 minutes east longitude, about 1,700 miles, within a short distance of the land, often so near as to get soundings with a few fathoms of line, during which time she was constantly surrounded by ice islands and bergs, and experienced many heavy gales of wind, exposing her constantly to shipwreck. We also understand that she has brought several specimens of rock and earth procured from the land; some of them weighing upwards of 100 pounds.

It is questionable whether this discovery can be of any essential benefit to commerce; but it cannot be otherwise than highly gratifying to Captain Wilkes and the officers engaged with him in this most interesting expedition, to have brought to a successful termination the high trust committed to them by their country: and it is hoped that so noble a commencement in the cause of science and discovery will induce the Government of the United States to follow up by other expeditions that which is now on the point of termination.

We understand that the *Vincennes* will sail on Sunday or Monday next for New Zealand, where the *Porpoise* and *Flying Fish* will rejoin her should they have been equally fortunate with their two consorts in escaping from the ice. The *Peacock* will follow as soon as her repairs are completed: whence they will all proceed in furtherance of the objects of the expedition.

We will only add, that we wish them God speed!

IMPORTANT DECISION IN ILLINOIS.—We learn from the St. Louis Republican that the Supreme Court of Illinois, lately in session at Springfield, have pronounced their decision in the case so long and ably argued at the previous term of the Court. The case involved the right, under the Constitution of the State, of an alien to vote. The Court affirmed the judgment of the Circuit Court, which declared that an alien had not the right to vote. Illinois and Michigan are the only States of the Union by which this privilege has been accorded to citizens not naturalized. So far as the first named State is concerned, this construction of the Constitution can no longer prevail.—*Nat. Int.*

The City Council of PHILADELPHIA have passed a resolution to pay in specie or its equivalent the interest on the city debt now due, or to become due.

The brig Silkworth, from Londonderry, arrived at Philadelphia on the 8th inst., with one hundred and thirty-five passengers.

## DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA BANKS.

In addition to the very interesting information on the subject of the Banks of the District of Columbia, we are now enabled to state that the bill which Congress was pleased graciously to pass for enabling all the banks of this District to wind up, received the signature of the President of the United States on the night of the 3d, by which means the stockholders, &c., in the banks were barely saved from almost total and irremediable destruction of their property. Upon examining the act of Congress of 1838 concerning the Union Bank, (applied by the new act to all other banks,) we find the following among the provisions of it, of which it is well that all our readers within the District should be fully apprized.—*Nat. Int.*

"Sec. 4: And be it further enacted, That the said Corporation shall not, after the first day of July, 1838, [4th day of July, 1840,] issue or re-issue any bills, notes, or checks, payable to bearer: nor shall it issue certificates of deposit payable to bearer: nor shall it receive any money or other property from any other Corporation, or from any person other than one of its stockholders on deposit," &c.

It was decided on Monday at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the *United States Bank* (Philadelphia) that it was not expedient to declare a dividend, as usual, at this time. On account of the stockholders, the circumstances which make this resolution expedient are to be regretted, but it is satisfactory to know that the course pursued by the board is the proper one to retrieve the losses sustained by the institution and to confirm its credit.—*Nat. Gaz.*

## PHILADELPHIA, JULY 7.

We learn that the sentence of the Court Martial which recently tried Commodore Elliot, in this city, on sundry charges, is suspension from his functions for four years, and withholding of his pay for two years. Whether the President has approved of the sentence, and on what charges it is founded, we have not heard; but as far as we state, our information is positive.—*Nat. Gaz.*

THE PRINTERS' FESTIVAL.—The celebration of the Four Hundredth Anniversary of the Discovery of Printing took place in Boston on Wednesday agreeably to previous notice. The festival was held in Faneuil Hall, and about four hundred persons, most of whom were in some way connected with the press, were present. The procession, which was formed at the State-house under the direction of the Chief Marshal, CHARLES G. GREENE, passed through several of the streets until it reached Faneuil Hall, which was decorated in an elegant manner for the occasion.

JOSEPH T. BUCKINGHAM was President of the day, and presided with much dignity and propriety. His address to the assembly is spoken of in terms of approbation. Among the others who addressed the assembly was ROBERT C. WINTHROP, Mr. GRATTAN, the British Consul, Rev. Dr. PALFREY, Rev. Professor SEARS, Mr. PRENTISS of Keen, &c. Many good sentiments were uttered and drank, and the music, vocal and instrumental, is said to have been excellent.—*Nat. Int.*, June 22.

INCREASE OF THE BRITISH NAVY.—Orders have been recently issued to the commissioners of the various royal dockyards for the building of nine ships of war and six war steamers, the operations on which are to be immediately commenced, and to be completed as soon as possible; they are as follows: a 90 guns ship, to be called *Albert*, and a steamer of 800 tons burden, are to be built at Portsmouth; at Plymouth dockyard, the *Exmouth*, 90 guns, *Niobe*, 26 guns, and the *Amethyst*, 26 guns; at Woolwick, the *Hannibal*, 90 guns, and the *Devastation*, a war steamer; at Chatham, the *Irresistible*, 90 guns, and the *Grocer*; at the Pembroke dockyard, the *Lion*, 80 guns, and the *Vixen* and *Geyser*, steamers; and at Sheerness, the *Daring*, 10 guns, and the *Styx*, war steamer.

The steam frigate now on the stocks at Philadelphia, gives employment to two hundred and fifty men, including laborers. Her engine will rate six hundred horse power.

We hope never to see the press of our country under the control or influence of unprincipled foreigners, who have not sought to become citizens.—*New Orleans Courier.*

An accurate census of Boston has just been completed, which shows an aggregate population of 83,707—being an increase of 10,203 during the past five years.

Floating Dry Dock.—Mr. Jos. T. Martin, of New York, has invented and is exhibiting in that city, a model of a floating dry dock, which the Sun says will eventually supersede all other kinds of dry docks.

Several hundred laborers (principally Irish) were engaged in a riot, on the 18th ult., at Pittsfield, Mass., on the railroad. The military were ordered out and about one hundred of the rioters arrested.

The number of the members of the present House of Representatives of Connecticut is 207; of which there are 134 farmers, 18 Mechanics, 11 merchants, 20 manufacturers, 2 shipmasters, 2 teachers, 10 lawyers, 1 bank cashier, 3 physicians, and 3 occupations unknown.

GERMAN ACUTENESS.—A German writer observes that in America there is such a scarcity of thieves they are obliged to offer a reward for their discovery.

## HEALTH REPORT.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Washington, July 6, 1840. Twenty-eight deaths have been reported to the Board of Health for the month ending 30th June. Of these there were of the age of two years and under, 17—between two and ten, 6—between ten and thirty, 2—between thirty and fifty, 4—between fifty and eighty, 5.

DISEASES.—Interperna 3, inflammation of the liver 1, fits 1, not reported 4, consumption 5, water on the brain 5, still-born 4, decline 1, summer complaint 3, group 1. HARVEY LINDSEY, President.

The evening service will hereafter be held in the Methodist Protestant Church, 9th street, at half past 4, P. M. instead of at half past 7, as heretofore. Morning service as usual, at 11 o'clock. Seats free.



OFFICE OF TRANSPORTATION, B. & O. R. R.

NOTICE.—On and after Monday next, the 13th inst., the evening train of Passenger Cars for Baltimore will be despatched from this office at half past 4, instead of 4 o'clock P. M. By order, SAM. STETTINIUS, Agent.

July 11—31

WAVERLEY NOVELS, Woodstock, &c. further supply of the cheap edition this day received and for sale by W. M. MORRISON, four doors west of Brown's Hotel.

NEW NOVEL.—The Quiet Husband, by Miss Ellen Pickering, author of Nan Durrall, The Knight, &c. 3 volumes, is this day published and for sale by W. M. MORRISON, 4 doors west of Brown's Hotel.

DOMESTIC GOODS unusually cheap.—Just received twenty packages domestic, much cheaper than any heretofore in this market this season. Consist of the following: 5 cases longcloths, fine and medium; 6 bales heavy brown cottons; 5 do do cotton muslins, Nos. 1 and 2; 4 do cotton yarns, from No. 4 to 12.

Also in Store—50 pieces linen burlaps, Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4. Which can be sold very cheap to purchasers by calling on our store. BRADLEY & CALETT.

W. M. NOELL, VENETIAN BLIND MAKER.—Penn. avenue, between 11 and 12th streets.—Has removed his establishment from his old stand to the above, here he is ready to execute all work in his line with neatness and despatch. All orders given will be immediately attended to. He solicits Public patronage. N. B. Old Blinds repaired and repainted. June 6—31

REMOVAL.—The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has removed from his old stand, corner of 7 and E streets, to a house lately occupied by Messrs. Howison & Jackson, Pennsylvania avenue, between 12th and 13th streets, here he will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of Groceries, Wines, and Liquors, of the very best qualities, which he will sell on the most accommodating terms. May 30—61. JOHN H. WATERS.

ELLIOT'S AMERICAN DIPLOMATIC CODE, embracing a collection of treaties and conventions between the United States and foreign Powers, from 1778 to 1834, &c. &c. A few copies of the above valuable work are for sale by W. M. MORRISON, 4 doors west of Brown's Hotel.

SHASE'S ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS.—An additional supply, with the latest improvements, just received at May 30. TODD'S Drug Store.

COMPOUND SIRUP OF SARSAPARILLA.—Those wishing to employ the remedial power of a Sarsaparilla, will find in the Compound Sirup one of the best and most convenient preparations in use. It is an extensively used in this city as an alterative and purgative, with the happiest results. Prepared at Mar. 7. TODD'S Drug Store.

LAW BOOKS.—Bouvier's Law Dictionary, adapted to the Constitution and Laws of the United States of America, and of the several States of the Union, with reference to the civil and other systems of foreign law, in 2 vols. Smith's Treatise of the practice of the Court of Chancery, in 2 vols. Chitty's Pleasings, with second edition volumes, containing Precedents of the pleadings and copious directory Notes, in 3 vols. Cruise's Digest of the Laws of England respecting real property, in 3 vols. For sale by W. M. MORRISON, 4 doors west of Brown's Hotel.

MALTE BRUN'S Universal Geography, or a description of all parts of the world, according to the great natural division of the globe, accompanied with analytical maps, and elementary tables, in 6 vols. Price \$7 for sale at W. M. MORRISON's Book and Stationery Store, 4 doors west of Brown's Hotel. Mar 7

JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.—A fresh supply of this justly celebrated remedy for coughs, colds, asthma, &c. just received, direct from the proprietor, at ap 11. TODD'S Drug Store.

UNIVERSAL HISTORY, by Tytler, in six small volumes, running from the Creation of the world down to 1820, forming a part of Harper's Family Library, is published and for sale by W. M. MORRISON, 4 doors west of Brown's Hotel. Mar 14

THE WORKS OF CHARLES LAMB—to which are prefixed his Letters and a Sketch of his Life, by Thomas Noon Talfour, one of his executors, in 2 vols., for sale by W. M. MORRISON, 4 doors west of Brown's Hotel. Mar. 21

A SELECTION OF GAMES AT CHESS, actually played by Philidor and his contemporaries—Now first published from the original manuscripts, with notes and additions, by George Walker, is for sale at the Book and Stationery Store of W. M. MORRISON, 4 doors west of Brown's Hotel. Mar. 7

BURKITT'S NOTES ON THE NEW TESTAMENT of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, wherein the sacred text is at large recited; the whole designed to encourage the reading of the Scriptures, in private families, and render the daily perusal of them profitable and delightful; by William Burkitt, M. A. late vicar and lecturer of Dedham, in Essex, in 2 volumes, is for sale by W. M. MORRISON, 4 doors west of Brown's Hotel. April 23

COLLECTORS OFFICE, CITY HALL, JUNE 10, 1840.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT TAX-PAYERS.—In conformity to law, notice is hereby given, that all property upon which arrearages of taxes shall remain due at the expiration of sixty days from the date hereof, will be subject to be levied upon and sold to satisfy the demand for such arrearages. A. ROTHWELL, Collector. July 4

ALCIPHON, A POEM, by Thomas Moore, Esq., author of Lalla Rookh, &c. A further supply this day received, and for sale by W. M. MORRISON, 4 doors west of Brown's Hotel. Jan 18

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED—10 pieces super white Drilling; 10 do do Ducks new article; 20 do black Grodros; 20 do Imperial Summer Cloths; 50 do Victoria Drillings; 30 do plain Summer Cloths, best quality; 10 do Merino Cassimers. BRADLEY & CALETT. Mar. 21

THE STUDENT'S MANUAL, designed by specific directions to aid in forming and strengthening the intellectual and moral character and habits of the student, by Rev. John Todd, ninth edition, is for sale by W. M. MORRISON, 4 doors west of Brown's Hotel. June 20

## GENUINE BUFFALO OIL.

THE HAIR! THE HAIR! THE HAIR!

The greatest ornament to the human body is a splendid head of hair. It has recently been discovered that the genuine Buffalo Oil is a sovereign remedy for baldness, prevents the hair from falling out, promotes the growth, continues the luxuriance, and improves the beauty. It is far superior to any other animal or vegetable oil, and in case of fever, where the hair becomes dry and begins to fall off, there is no application more effectual in restoring its beauty and rendering it in a healthy state. It is put up at a low price, (37-1/2 cents) that all classes can have access to it. None genuine unless put up in flat bottles, with HAWK OIL-IMPROVED IN THE GLASS. Also to prevent imposture, it will be signed by the Proprietor, Wm. Brown, 451 Washington, corner of 11th Street, Boston.

For sale at TODD'S Drug Store.